

### SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture  
 Product name : PTG-4085  
 Formula : (0.0001 - 0.05 %) Nitric Oxide, (0.0001 - 20 %) Carbon Dioxide, (0.0001 - 0.0999 %) Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen.

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Calibration / Reference  
 Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use; Use as directed.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufactured For:	By:
Scientific Gas Australia Pty Ltd.	PortaGas (Praxair, Inc.)
Unit 10, 12 Anderson Street	1202 E Sam Houston Pkwy S
Banksmeadow NSW, 2019 - Australia	Pasadena, TX 77503
T PH 1300 880 531	T 281-928-6477

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency number** : Onsite Emergencies: 1-800-645-4633; Australian Poison Information Centre: 13 11 26;  
 Australian Fire Brigade: 000  
 CHEMTREC: USA 1-800-424-9300, International 001-703-527-3887 (Collect calls accepted, contract 17729)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

**Classification (GHS-AU)**  
 Press. Gas (Comp.) H280

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS AU labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-AU) :



GHS04

Signal word (GHS-AU) : WARNING  
 Hazard statements (GHS AU) : H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED  
 OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.  
 Precautionary statements (GHS-AU) : P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.  
 CGA-PG27 - Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.  
 CGA-PG21 - Open valve slowly.  
 CGA-PG12 - Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.  
 CGA-PG11 - Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles.  
 CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure.  
 CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.  
 CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.  
 CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).  
 CGA-MP01 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.  
 P261 - Avoid breathing gas, vapors

#### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

**2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)**

No data available

**SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

**3.1. Substance**

Not applicable

**3.2. Mixture**

Name	Product identifier	%
Nitrogen	(CAS No) 7727-37-9	79.88 - 100
Carbon dioxide	(CAS No) 124-38-9	0.0001 - 20
Carbon monoxide	(CAS No) 630-08-0	0.0001 - 0.1
Nitric oxide	(CAS No) 10102-43-9	0.0001 - 0.05

**SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should give oxygen. Call a physician.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an ophthalmologist immediately.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

No additional information available

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

None.

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

**5.1. Extinguishing media**

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.
- HazChem code : 2TE.

**5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

- Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

**5.3. Advice for firefighters**

- Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with their provincial and local fire regulations.
- Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel**

No additional information available

**6.1.2. For emergency responders**

No additional information available

**6.2. Environmental precautions**

Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

**OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE:** When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.



## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	1.5 % of hemoglobin Parameter: Methemoglobin - Medium: blood - Sampling time: during or end of shift (background, nonspecific, semi-quantitative)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	30 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	25 ppm
AU SWA TWA PPM	TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
AU SWA TWA MGM3	TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	31 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
AU SWA STEL MGM3	STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	31 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	5000 ppm

Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)		
AU SWA TWA PPM	TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm 12500 ppm (in coal mines)
AU SWA TWA MGM3	TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 22500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (in coal mines)
AU STEL PPM	STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
AU SWA STEL MGM3	STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 22500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (in coal mines)
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
ACGIH	Not established	
USA OSHA	Not established	
Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	3.5 % of hemoglobin Parameter: Carboxyhemoglobin - Medium: blood - Sampling time: end of shift (background, nonspecific) 20 ppm Parameter: Carbon monoxide - Medium: end-exhaled air - Sampling time: end of shift (background, nonspecific)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm
AU SWA TWA PPM	TWA (ppm)	30 ppm
AU SWA TWA MGM3	TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	34 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
AU SWA STEL MGM3	STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	34 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).
Personal protective equipment	: Gloves. Safety glasses.
	 
Eye protection	: Wear safety glasses when handling cylinders; vapor-proof goggles and a face shield during cylinder changeout or whenever contact with product is possible. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1336 and AS/NZS 1337.
Skin and body protection	: Wear work gloves and metatarsal shoes for cylinder handling. Protective equipment where needed. Select in accordance with AS/NZS 2161, AS/NZS 2210.1, and AS/NZS 4503.
Respiratory protection	: When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets AS/NSZ 1715, AS/NSZ 1716, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
Thermal hazard protection	: Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas

Color	: Colorless
Odor	: No data available
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: Not applicable.
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Solubility	: Water: No data available
Log Pow	: Not applicable.
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.
Explosion limits	: No data available

**9.2. Other information**

No additional information available

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1. Reactivity**

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

**10.2. Chemical stability**

Stable under normal conditions.

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

None.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid**

None.

**10.5. Incompatible materials**

None.

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

None.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**11.1. Information on toxicological effects**

Acute toxicity : Not classified

<b>Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)</b>	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	57.5 ppm/4h
ATE US (gases)	57.5 ppmV/4h



# PTG-4085

## Safety Data Sheet PTG-4085

Prepared in accordance with the model Work Health and Safety Regulations

Date of issue: 08/13/2015 Revision date: 09/25/2019 Version: 1.1

Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	3760 ppm/1h
ATE US (gases)	1880 ppmV/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No known ecological damage caused by this product.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

PTG-4085	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)	
Persistence and degradability	Not applicable for inorganic gases.
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

PTG-4085	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)	
Log Pow	Not applicable for inorganic gases.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)	
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)
Log Pow	0.83
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	
Log Kow	Not applicable.

SDS ID: PTG-4085

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### 12.4. Mobility in soil

PTG-4085	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : None.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return container to supplier.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport of Australian Dangerous Goods

UN-No. (ADG) : UN1956  
 Proper Shipping Name (ADG) : COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.  
 Class (ADG) : 2.2 - 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas  
 Danger labels (ADG) : 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas



Special provision (ADG) : 274

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1956 Compressed gas, n.o.s., 2.2  
 UN-No.(DOT) : UN1956  
 Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
 Class (DOT) : 2.2 - 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas  
 Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



DOT Symbols : G - Identifies proper shipping name (PSN) requiring the addition of technical name(s) in parentheses following the PSN.

### Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 126

HazChem code : 2TE.

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:  
 - Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

### Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1956

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.

Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases

Limited quantities (IMDG) : 120ml

EmS-No. (1) : F-C

MFAG-No : 620

EmS-No. (2) : S-V

### Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1956

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Compressed gas, n.o.s.

Class (IATA) : 2

Instruction "cargo" (ICAO) : 200

Instruction "passenger" (ICAO) : 200

Instruction "passenger" - Limited quantities (ICAO) : FORBIDDEN

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

#### Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory  
 Listed on the United States SARA Section 302

SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	100 lb
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### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

#### Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)



**Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)**

**EU-Regulations**

**Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)**

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

**15.2.2. National regulations**

**Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)**

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)  
 Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)  
 Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory  
 Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)  
 Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)  
 Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)  
 Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)  
 Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)  
 Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)  
 Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)

**15.3. US State regulations**

**PTG-4085()**

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No

**Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)**

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

**Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)**

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

**Nitrogen (7727-37-9)**

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

**Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)**

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	Yes	No	No	

**Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)**

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
 U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
 U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List  
 U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

**Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)**

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
 U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
 U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

**Nitrogen (7727-37-9)**

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
 U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
 U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

**Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)**

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
 U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
 U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List  
 U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

**SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

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SDS Australia - Praxair

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